| Northern Border University <br> Faculty of Engineering <br> First Semester 1436/1437, <br> Mid Term Exam |  | Subject: Operations Research IE311 <br> Date: 16/1/1437, Time allowed: 1.5 Hrs <br> Total Marks: 10 Points <br> Instructors: Dr. Mohamed Mostafa |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |

## Solve the Following Problems

1) Solve the Following LPP by graphical method.

Minimize: $Z=4 x_{1}+3 x_{2}$
Subject to the constraints

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x_{1}+x_{2} \geq 10 \\
& -3 x_{1}+2 x_{2} \leq 6 \\
& x_{1}+x_{2} \geq 6 \\
& \text { And } x_{1}, x_{2} \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

2) A manufacturing company engaged in producing three types of products: A, B and C. The production department daily produces component sufficient to make 50 units of $\mathrm{A}, 25$ units of B and 30 units of $C$. The management is confronted with problem of optimizing the daily production of products in assembly department where only 100 man-hours are available daily to assemble the products. The following additional information is available.

| Type of <br> product | Profit contribution per <br> unit of product (SR) | Assembly time per <br> product (hrs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 12 | 0.8 |
| B | 20 | 1.7 |
| C | 45 | 2.5 |

The company has a daily order commitment for 20 units of product A and total of 15 units of B and C products. Formulates this problem as an LP model so as to maximize the total profit.
3) Solve the following LPP by Simplex Method

Maximize $Z=2 x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}$
Subject to the constraints

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 x_{1}+6 x_{2}+3 x_{3} \leq 8 \\
& 3 x_{1}-6 x_{2}-4 x_{3} \leq 1 \\
& 2 x_{1}+3 x_{2}-5 x_{3} \geq 4 \\
& \text { and } x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3} \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

## Model Answer of Mid Term Exam Group [1]

Solution of Problem \#1


Solution of Problem \#2
LP model formulation: the data of the problem is summarized as follows:

| Resources / | product type |  |  | total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | A | B | C |  |
| Production capacity (units) | 50 | 25 | 30 |  |
| Man hours per unit | 0.8 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 100 |
| Order commitment unit |  | 20 | 15 |  |
| Profit contribution (Rs./unit) | 12 | 20 | 45 |  |

Decision variables: let $\mathrm{x} 1, \mathrm{x} 2, \mathrm{x} 3=$ numbers of units of products $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C to be produced respectively
The LP model
Maximize (total profit) $Z=12 \times 1+20 \times 2+45 \times 3$
Subject to the constraints
(a) labor and material constraints

$$
\begin{array}{rl}
0.8 \mathrm{x} 1+1.7 \times 2+2.5 & \mathrm{x} 3 \\
\mathrm{x} 1 & =<100 \\
& =<50 \\
& =<25 \\
\mathrm{x} 2 & =<30
\end{array}
$$

(b) order commitment constraints x 1
$>=20$
$\mathrm{x} 2 \quad+\mathrm{x} 3 \quad>=15$
$\mathrm{x} 1, \mathrm{x} 2, \mathrm{x} 3>=0$

## Solution of Problem \#3

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Variable | Status | Value |  |
| $\times 1$ |  | Basic |  |
| X2 | Basic | 1.2857 |  |
| X3 | Basic | .4762 |  |
| slack 1 | NONBasic | 0 |  |
| slack 2 | NONBasic | 0 |  |
| surplus 3 | NONBasic | 0 |  |
| surplus 4 | Basic | 1.2857 |  |
| surplus 5 | Basic | .4762 |  |
| Optimal Value (Z) |  | 3.0476 |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Note
Multiple optimal solutions exist


## Model Answer of Mid Term Exam Group [2]

Solution of Problem \#1


Solution of Problem \#2

| Resources / | product type |  |  | total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Constraints | A | B | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Production capacity (units) | 50 | 25 | 30 | 100 |
| Man hours per unit | 0.8 | 1.7 | 2.5 |  |
| Order commitment unit |  | 20 | 15 |  |
| Profit contribution (Rs./unit) | 14 | 22 | 47 |  |

Decision variables: let $\mathrm{x} 1, \mathrm{x} 2, \mathrm{x} 3=$ numbers of units of products $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C to be produced respectively

The LP model
Maximize (total profit) $Z=14 \mathrm{x} 1+22 \mathrm{x} 2+47 \mathrm{x} 3$
Subject to the constraints
(c) labor and material constraints

$$
\begin{aligned}
0.8 \times 1+1.7 \times 2+2.5 & \times 3 \\
\mathrm{x} 1 & =<100 \\
& =<50 \\
& =<25 \\
\mathrm{x} 2 & =<30
\end{aligned}
$$

(d) order commitment constraints x 1
$>=20$
$\mathrm{x} 2 \quad+\mathrm{x} 3 \quad>=15$
$\mathrm{x} 1, \mathrm{x} 2, \mathrm{x} 3>=0$

Solution of Problem \#3

| Equation form |
| ---: |
| Max $4 \mathrm{X} 1+3 \times 2+3 \times 3$ |
| $4 \mathrm{X} 1+6 \times 2+3 \times 3<=10$ |
| $3 \times 1-6 \times 2-4 \mathrm{X} 3<=3$ |
| $2 \times 1+3 \times 2-5 \times 3>=6$ |
| $\mathrm{X} 1>=0$ |
| $\mathrm{X} 2>=0$ |

There is no feasible solution


